# Brain Questionnaire Key

1-28	Prefrontal Cortex (PFL) p
29-45	Anterior Cingulate Gyrus (ACG)
46-63	Deep Limbic System (DLS)
64-88	Basal Ganglia (BG)
89-101	Temporal Lobe (TL)

# Prefrontal Cortex

The PFC is the chief executive officer of the brain. It is involved with forethought, judgment and impulsive control. Problems in this part of the brain are associated with impulsivity, short attention span, distractibility and difficulty with organization and planning.

#### **PFC function**

Attention
Planning
Following through
Impulse control
Inhibition
Judgment
Empathy

#### **PFC Problems**

Inattention
Lack of forethought
Procrastination
Impulsive
Disinherited
Poor judgment
Lack of empathy

#### **Some Conditions Affecting the PFC**

ADHA

Brain Trauma
Schizophrenia
Conduct disorders
Depression
Dementia
Antisocial Personality
Borderline Personality

# **PFC Supplements**

For ADD: L-tyrosine, DL-phenylalanine, Zinc For Depression: SAM-e, Omega-3





# Anterior Cingulate Gyrus (ACG)

The ACG is the brain's gear shifter. It helps us shift our attention from task to task and idea to idea. It is involved with cognitive flexibility, going with the flow, cooperation and error detection. High scores on this checklist are associated with problems shifting attention, which may be manifested by cognitive inflexibility, obsessive thoughts, compulsive behaviors, excessive worrying, being argumentative or oppositional, and "getting stuck" on certain thoughts or actions.

#### **ACF Functions**

Brain's gear shifter Cognitive flexibility Cooperation Go from idea to idea See options Go with the flow Error detection

#### **Some Conditions Affecting the ACG**

OCD
Additions
Eating Disorders
PTSD
Anxiety disorders
PMS
Chronic pain
Oppositional Defiant

#### **ACG Problems**

Gets "Stuck"
Inflexible, worries
Holds grudges
Obsesses
Compulsive
Argumentative
Sees too many errors
Opposes everything

# **ACG Supplements**

For Worry and Insomnia: 5-HTP For Depression: St John's Wort or 5-HTP, Omega 3





# Deep Limbic System (DLS)

About the size of a walnut, the DLS is involved in setting a person's emotional tone. When the DLS is less active, there is generally a positive, more hopeful state of mind. When it is heated up, or overactive, negativity can take over. The DLS also affects motivation and drive, and directly processes the sense of smell. Because your sense of smell goes directly to the deep limbic system, it is easy to see why smells can have such a powerful impact on our feeling states. In general, the problems in the DLS are associated with depression and negativity along with low motivation, libido and energy.

#### **DLS Function**

Mood control
Charged memories
Motivation
Emotional tone
Bonding

Sense of smell Libido

#### **Some Conditions Affecting the DLS**

Depression
Pain Syndromes
Cyclic mood disorders

#### **DLS Problems**

Depression, sadness
Negative, irritability
Low motivation
Negativity, blame, guilt
Social isolation
Low self-esteem
Low libido
Low energy
Decreased interest
Worthlessness
Hopelessness
Mood cycles

#### **DLS Supplements**

For Depression: SAM-e, DL-phenylalanine, L-tyrosine, Omega 3



# Brain Questionaire Key

# Basal Ganglia (BG)

The BG helps set the brain's idle or anxiety level. Increased activity in this part of the brain is often associated with anxiety (left sided problems are often associated with irritability while right sided problems are more often associated with inwardly directed anxiety). We have seen relaxation therapies, such as biofeedback and hypnosis, as well as cognitive therapies that help calm this part of the brain.

#### **BG Functions**

Sense of calm
Sets anxiety level
Conflict avoidance
Motor muscle and movements

# **Some Conditions Affecting the BG**

OCD Panic PTSD Anxiety disorders Tourette's

#### **BG Problems**

Tension, nervousness Anxiety /panic Predicting the worst Tics

# **BG Supplements**

For Anxiety: GABA, valerian, kava kava, theanine, Omega-3





# Temporal Lobes (TLs)

The temporal lobes, underneath your temples and behind your eyes, are involved with language (hearing and reading), reading social cues, processing music and tone of voice, short-term memory, getting memories into long term storage and mood stability. They also help with recognizing objects by sight and naming them. Trouble in the temporal lobes leads to both short and long term memory problems, reading difficulties, trouble finding the right words in conversation, mood instability, and sometimes religious or moral preoccupation or perhaps a lack of spiritual sensitivity.

#### **TL Functions**

Language Memory

Retrieval of words

Reading

Mood stability Recognize words Read social cues

Rhythm

Temper control
Spiritual experience

#### **Some Conditions Affecting the TLs**

Head injury
Anxiety
Amnesia
Dyslexia
Religiosity
Dissociation
Temporal epilepsy
Serious depression
Dark or suicidal thoughts

#### **TL Problems**

Language problems Memory problems Word-finding problems

Dyslexia Mood instal

Mood instability Anxiety for no reason Trouble with social cues

Dark thoughts Aggression

Learning problems

Illusions

Excess religious ideas

#### **TLs Supplements**

For Mood Stability, Irritability or Anxiety: GABA, valerian, Omega 3

For Memory: Gingko Biloba, huperzine, phosphatidil serine (PS) Omega 3